Hytest SARS-CoV-2 antibodies and detection of variants

Anti-nucleoprotein antibodies (Cat.# 3CV4)

All Hytest SARS-CoV-2 nucleoprotein (NP) antibodies (Cat.# 3CV4) including MAbs C706, C524, C518, C715, and C527 bind to the N-terminal part of the nucleoprotein, N47-A173. Several mutations found in circulating SARS-CoV-2 variants are located outside of this region, however, we aim to test all relevant and concerning mutations regardless of their location. Prevalence of nucleoprotein mutations changes over time, for up-to-date information see e.g. https://outbreak.info/compare-lineages.

We screen for the variants ourselves using recombinant antigens, however, we also have received feedback from our customers that have tested selected antibody pairs with live virus variant strains. We highly appreciate the feedback from our customers as it gives valuable information on the performance of some of the pairs with live virus samples.

Below we have compiled information regarding different variants and mutations. We continue to update this information regularly. To minimize the likelihood that a COVID-19 antigen test will fail to recognize emerging variants, we recommend using more than two antibodies in the assay (see pages 5 and 6.)

Mutations	Variant	Hytest antibodies	
D3L, R203K, G204R, S235F	Alpha (B.1.1.7)	 Recognized by all Hytest MAbs (Cat. # 3CV4) and pAb (Cat. # PSN5). See Figure 1. Performance of selected pairs confirmed with patient samples/live virus variants: C524-C706, C518-C706 (see Table 1) C715-C706 	
T205I	Beta (B.1.351); Epsilon (B.1.427 and B.1.429)	• See Table 1 and Figure 3	
P80R, R203K, G204R	Gamma (P.1)	 Two of three mutations are same as in the Alpha variant P80R mutation: see Figure 3 Performance confirmed with live virus variant for C715-C706 	
D63G, R203M, D377Y	Delta (B.1.617.2)	D63G see Figure 3 Two other mutations located outside the epitope of our key clones	
R203M, D377Y	Карра (В.1.617.1)	Mutations located outside the epitope of our key clones It is expected that all our antibodies recognize also the kappa variant	
P13L, D31-33, R203K, G204R	Omicron (B.1.1.529)	 Mutations located outside the epitope of our key clones It is expected that all our antibodies recognize also the omicron variant. See Figure 2. 	



P13L, del31/33, R203K, G204R, S413R	Eris (EG.5)	Hytest SARS-CoV-2 NP antibodies (Cat. # 3CV4: MAbs C706, C524, C518, C715, and C527) should recognize Pirola and Eris variants.	
P13L, del31/33, R203K, G204R, S413R	Pirola (BA.2.86);		
P13L, del31/33, P151S, R203K, G204R, S413R	Omicron (BA.4)	 All our key antibodies recognize also the omicron BA.4 variant Hytest compared SARS-CoV-2 Omicron BA.4 NP with wild-type (original) NP and found no differences in recognition by MAbs C706, C524, C518, C715, and C527 See Figure 4 	
P13L, del31/33, R203K, G204R, Q229K, S413R	FLiRT group (KP.3, KP.3.3, KP.2, and KP.1.1)	• No additional mutations in N47-A173 part, thus, Hytest SARS-CoV-2 NP antibodies (Cat.# 3CV4: MAbs C706, C524, C518, C715, and C527) should recognize FLiRT group	
P13L, del31/33, R203K, G204R, Q229K, S413R	LB.1; KS.1.1; XEC (combination of KS.1.1 and KP.3.3)	variants KP.3, KP.3.3, KP.2, and KP.1.1, LB.1, KS.1.1, XE (combination of KS.1.1 and KP.3.3), as well as new varian NB.1.8.1, LP.8.1, XFG/Stratus (combination of LF.7 ar LP.8.1.2).	
P13L, del31/33, R203K, G204R, Q229K, S413R	NB.1.8.1, LP.8.1, XFG/Stratus (combination of LF.7 and LP.8.1.2)		
Single mutations	Several variants	• See Figure 3	

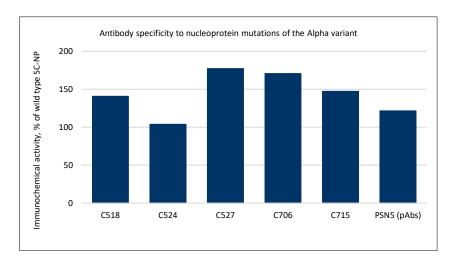


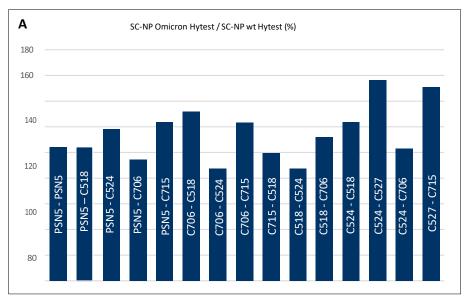
Figure 1. Detection of the recombinant Alpha variant NP in indirect ELISA. Signal from recombinant wild type NP (Cat. # 8COV3) was considered as 100%. Recombinant antigen used was 40588-V07E7 from Sino Biological.



Table 1. Detection of SARS-CoV-2 virus variants tested with two recommended pair combinations on lateral

flow. Swab samples were used as specimen. Note that line intensity depends on virus load that can vary between samples. The results show that these two pairs detect all three virus variants in lateral flow. Source: Customer data kindly provided with permission to show.

	Variant	MAb pair Line intensity		
		C524-C706	C518-C706	
Sample 1	Beta (B.1.351) or Gamma (P.1)	6/10	4/10	
Sample 2	Alpha (B.1.1.7)	8/10	7/10	
Sample 3	Alpha (B.1.1.7)	8/10	7/10	
Sample 4	Beta (B.1.351) or Gamma (P.1)	5/10	4/10	



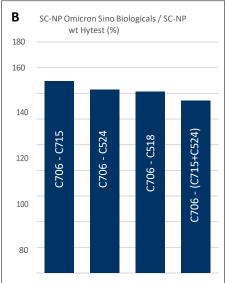


Figure 2. Detection of the recombinant Omicron variant NP with anti-SC-NP MAbs sandwich antibody pairs. Signal from recombinant wild type NP (Cat. # 8COV3) was considered as 100%.

- A) Recombinant Omicron antigen used was Hytest inhouse preparation.
- B) Recombinant Omicron antigen used was Sino Biological antigen.

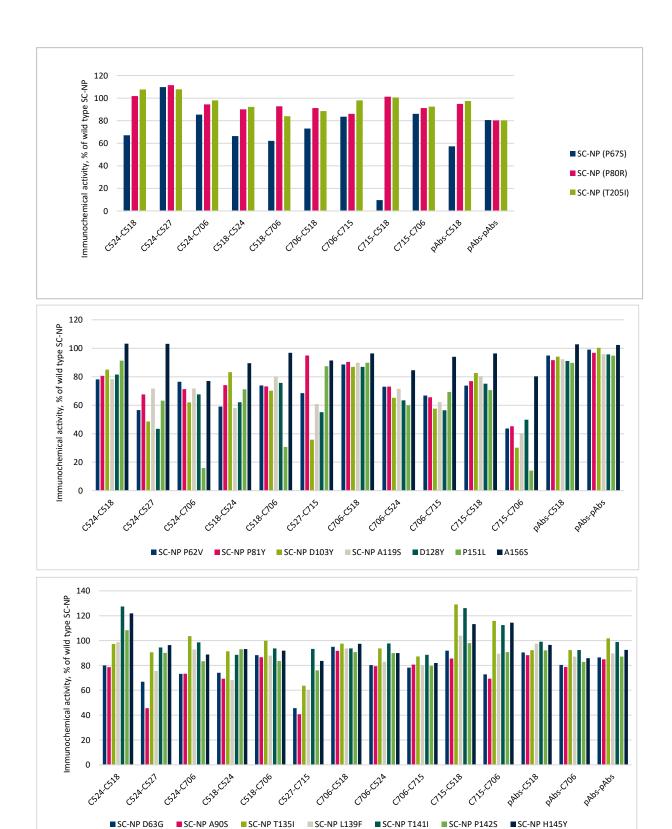


Figure 3. Specificity of anti-SC-NP MAbs sandwich antibody pairs to different point mutations. Signal from recombinant wild type NP (Cat.# 8COV3) was considered as 100%.



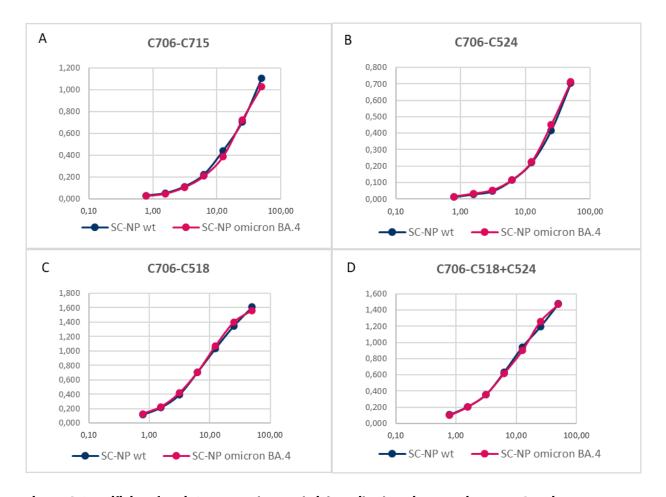


Figure 4. Specificity of anti-SC-NP MAbs sandwich antibody pairs to omicron BA.4 variant.

Comparison of recombinant wild type NP (Cat.# 8COV3) and SC-NP omicron BA.4 variant using Hytest A) C706-C715, B) C706-524, C) C706-518, and D) C706-C518+C524 in-house assays.

Pair recommendations

While all 1+1 (capture-detection) pair combinations we have tested are able to detect the key variants currently circulating in the world, we recommend using more than two clones in a COVID-19 Antigen test. This will increase the likelihood of the test to efficiently recognize all future variants too. Also, including anti-SC-NP polyclonals (Cat.# PSN5) as a capture antibody could help.

Sandwich immunoassays					
Detection antibody conjugated with HRP		Detection antiboo	Detection antibody conjugated with biotin		
Capture	Detection	Capture	Detection		
C524	C706	C524	C706		
C518	C524	C706	C518		
C524	C527	C715	C518		
C715	C706	PSN5	C518		
C527	C715	PSN5	C527		
		C524	C527		
		C518	C706		
		C524	C518		

Lateral flow					
1+1		Advanced			
Capture	Detection	Capture	Detection		
C715	C706	C706	C518+C524		
C706	C524	C706	C518+C524+C715		
C706	C518	C706+C518	C524		
PSN5	C518	C706+C518	C524+C715		
PSN5	C524	C518+C524	C706		
PSN5	C706	C518+C524+C715	C706		
C518	C706	C524+C715	C706+C518		
C524	C706	C518+C524+C715	C706+C527		
C706	C715	C706+PSN5	C518+C524		

Anti-Spike RBD antibodies (Cat. # 3CV2)

The Alpha variant has deletions and mutations within the spike protein, one of which is within the RBD part of the protein (N501Y). We have confirmed that all our anti-RBD clones detect the N501Y variant (recombinant antigen) similarly to the wild type virus.

The Beta variant bears four mutations in its spike protein (K417N, E484K, N501Y, D614G). Our anti-Spike clones recognize recombinant variant spike protein similarly to wild type virus.

The Gamma variant contains three mutations in its spike protein (K417N, E484K, N501Y). Same mutations are found in the South African variant and based on results with the South African variant protein it is expected that our anti-RBD antibodies recognize the Brazilian variant similarly to the wild type.

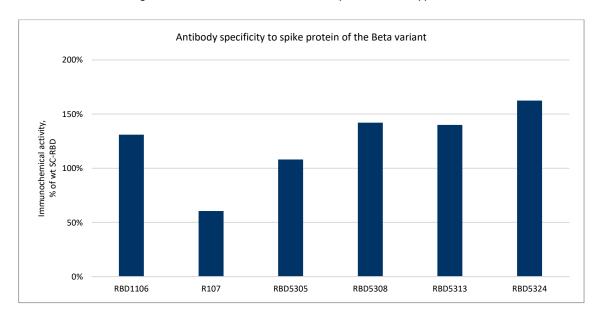


Figure 5. Detection of the Beta variant spike (recombinant antigen) with Hytest anti-RBD antibodies. Signal from recombinant wild type RBD (Cat.# 8COVI) was considered as 100%.

